

Partial-wave Series

- Very convenient way to incorporate s-matrix unitarity.

\hat{S} commutes with \hat{L} and $\hat{L}_z \Rightarrow$ basis $\{|E, l, m\rangle\}$ diagonalizes \hat{S} :

$$\begin{aligned} \langle E', l', m' | \hat{S} | E, l, m \rangle &= \langle E', l', m' | E, l, m \rangle \underbrace{S_l(E)}_{\text{eigenvalue}} \\ &\equiv \delta(E'-E) \delta_{ll'} \delta_{mm'} e^{2i\delta_l(E)} \end{aligned}$$

$S^\dagger = S^{-1}$
(unitary)

Note: $S_l(E) \equiv$ "phase shift"

Connecting relationship: $\hat{S} = 1 + i\hat{T}$

$$\langle \vec{k}' | \hat{S} | \vec{k} \rangle = \langle \vec{k}' | \vec{k} \rangle + \frac{i\hbar^2}{2\pi m} \delta(E'-E) f(E, \theta)$$

$$\langle \vec{k}' | (\hat{S} - 1) | \vec{k} \rangle = \frac{i\hbar^2}{2\pi m} \delta(E'-E) f(E, \theta)$$

insert $\int dE \sum_{l,m} |E, l, m\rangle \langle E, l, m|$

$$\int dE \sum_{l,m} \langle \vec{k}' | (\hat{S} - 1) | E, l, m \rangle \langle E, l, m | \vec{k} \rangle = \frac{i\hbar^2}{2\pi m} \delta(E'-E) f(E, \theta)$$

$$\int dE \sum_{l,m} \langle \vec{k}' | E, l, m \rangle \langle E, l, m | \vec{k} \rangle (S_l(E) - 1) =$$

$$\int dE \sum_{l,m} \frac{\hbar}{\sqrt{mk'}} \frac{\hbar}{\sqrt{mk}} \delta(E_{\vec{k}'} - E) \delta(E - E_{\vec{k}}) Y_l^m(\Omega_{\vec{k}'}) Y_l^{*m}(\Omega_{\vec{k}}) (S_l(E) - 1) =$$

integrate over E

$$\frac{\hbar^2}{mk} \delta(E_{\vec{k}'} - E) \sum_l \sum_m Y_l^m(\Omega_{\vec{k}'}) Y_l^{*m}(\Omega_{\vec{k}}) (S_l(E) - 1) = \frac{i\hbar^2}{2\pi m} \delta(E'-E) f(E, \theta)$$

$$\frac{2l+1}{4\pi} P_l(\cos \theta_{\vec{k}-\vec{k}'})$$

\equiv scattering angle θ

$$\frac{\hbar^2}{mk} \delta(E_{\vec{k}'} - E) \sum_l \frac{2l+1}{4\pi} P_l(\cos \theta) (S_l(E) - 1) = \frac{i\hbar^2}{2\pi m} \delta(E'-E) f(E, \theta)$$

$$\boxed{\sum_{l=0}^{\infty} (2l+1) \frac{1}{2ik} (S_l(E) - 1) P_l(\cos \theta) = f(E, \theta)}$$

Match against partial wave decomposition:

$$f(E, \theta) = \sum_{l=0}^{\infty} (2l+1) f_l(E) P_l(\cos \theta)$$

↑
partial wave amplit.

inverse relation:

$$f_l(E) = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-1}^1 d(\cos \theta) f(E, \theta) P_l(\cos \theta)$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{f_l(E) = \frac{1}{2ik} (S_l(E) - 1) = \frac{1}{2ik} (e^{2i\delta_l(E)} - 1) \equiv \frac{1}{k} e^{i\delta_l(E)} \sin \delta_l(E)}$$