

Jenkins - Manohar - Trott minimal coupling trick

[arxiv: 1305.0017]

Ingenious (but cheap) way to couple electron-spin to magnetic field, reproducing $g=2$ (!)

Modify $\hat{H} = \frac{\vec{p}^2}{2m} \longrightarrow \frac{(\vec{p} \cdot \vec{\sigma})^2}{2m}$

then apply minimal coupling: $\vec{p} \rightarrow \vec{p} - e\vec{A}$ ($\vec{p} \rightarrow \vec{p} + e\vec{A}$ for electrons)

$$\hat{H} = \frac{(\vec{p} - e\vec{A}) \cdot \vec{\sigma} (\vec{p} - e\vec{A}) \cdot \vec{\sigma}}{2m}$$

$$= \frac{\vec{p}^2}{2m} + \frac{(\vec{p} \cdot \vec{\sigma})(-e\vec{A}) \cdot \vec{\sigma}}{2m} + \frac{(-e\vec{A}) \cdot \vec{\sigma} (\vec{p} \cdot \vec{\sigma})}{2m} + \frac{(e\vec{A} \cdot \vec{\sigma})^2}{2m}$$

$$= \frac{\vec{p}^2}{2m} - \frac{e}{2m} (p_i A_j + A_i p_j) \sigma_i \sigma_j + \frac{e^2 A^2}{2m}$$

↑
commute

$$= \frac{\vec{p}^2}{2m} - \frac{e}{2m} \left(\underbrace{[p_i, A_j]}_{\text{no } i \leftrightarrow j \text{ symmetry}} + \underbrace{A_j p_i + A_i p_j}_{\text{symm. under } i \leftrightarrow j} \right) \sigma_i \sigma_j + \frac{e^2 A^2}{2m}$$

↑
 $= \frac{1}{2} [\sigma_i, \sigma_j] + \frac{1}{2} \{ \sigma_i, \sigma_j \}$

$$= \frac{\vec{p}^2}{2m} - \frac{e}{2m} \underbrace{[p_i, A_j]}_{-i\hbar \nabla_i A_j} \underbrace{\frac{1}{2} [\sigma_i, \sigma_j]}_{2i\epsilon_{ijk} \sigma_k} - \frac{e}{2m} \underbrace{[p_i, A_j]}_{-i\hbar \nabla_i A_j} \underbrace{\frac{1}{2} \{ \sigma_i, \sigma_j \}}_{2\delta_{ij}} - \frac{e}{2m} 2(A_j p_i) \underbrace{\frac{1}{2} \{ \sigma_i, \sigma_j \}}_{2\delta_{ij}} + \frac{e^2 A^2}{2m}$$

$$= \frac{\vec{p}^2}{2m} - \frac{\hbar e}{2m} \underbrace{(\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{A}) \cdot \vec{\sigma}}_B + \frac{i\hbar e}{2m} \nabla \cdot \vec{A} - \frac{e}{m} \vec{A} \cdot \vec{p} + \frac{e^2 A^2}{2m}$$

↑
 $\vec{S} = \frac{\hbar \vec{\sigma}}{2}$

$$= \frac{\vec{p}^2}{2m} - \frac{e}{m} \vec{S} \cdot \vec{B} + \frac{i\hbar e}{2m} \nabla \cdot \vec{A} - \frac{e}{m} \vec{A} \cdot \vec{p} + \frac{e^2 A^2}{2m}$$

match to $g \frac{-e}{2m} \vec{S} \cdot \vec{B}$ ↑
vanishes in Coulomb gauge

$g=2$