

Vanishing of the vacuum energy

If SUSY is unbroken, then vacuum energy density vanishes:-

PROOF

Start with SUSY algebra

$$\{\hat{Q}_\alpha, \hat{Q}_\beta\} = 2\sigma_{\alpha\beta}^\mu P_\mu$$

Set $\beta = \alpha$ and sum over α .

$$\sigma^0 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \\ & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\sigma^3 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \\ & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\{\hat{Q}_1, \hat{Q}_1\} + \{\hat{Q}_2, \hat{Q}_2\} = 2(\sigma_{11}^\mu \hat{P}_\mu + \sigma_{22}^\mu \hat{P}_\mu)$$

In RHS only σ^0 & σ^3 are diagonal.

$$= 2(\sigma_{11}^0 \hat{P}_0 + \sigma_{22}^0 \hat{P}_0 + \sigma_{11}^3 \hat{P}_3 + \sigma_{22}^3 \hat{P}_3)$$

$$= 2(\hat{P}_0 + \hat{P}_0 + \hat{P}_3 - \hat{P}_3)$$

$$= 4\hat{H}$$

$$\hat{H} = \frac{1}{4}[\hat{Q}_1\hat{Q}_1 + \hat{Q}_1\hat{Q}_1 + \hat{Q}_2\hat{Q}_2 + \hat{Q}_2\hat{Q}_2]$$

sandwich both sides with vacuum state

$$\langle \Omega_0 | \hat{H} | \Omega_0 \rangle = \frac{1}{4} \langle \Omega_0 | \hat{Q}_1\hat{Q}_1 + \hat{Q}_1\hat{Q}_1 + \hat{Q}_2\hat{Q}_2 + \hat{Q}_2\hat{Q}_2 | \Omega_0 \rangle$$

The definition of unbroken SUSY is:

$$\hat{Q}_{1 \text{ or } 2} | \Omega_0 \rangle = \hat{Q}_{1 \text{ or } 2} | \Omega_0 \rangle = 0.$$

$$\therefore \boxed{\langle \Omega_0 | \hat{H} | \Omega_0 \rangle = 0}$$