

Canonical Quantization:

$$\{\hat{\chi}_a(t, \vec{x}), \hat{\pi}^b(t, \vec{x}')\} = i \delta^{(3)}(\vec{x} - \vec{x}') \delta_a^b \quad \leftarrow \text{equal time ANTI-commutation relation}$$

$$\text{but } \hat{\pi}^b(t, \vec{x}') = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{\chi}_b} = i \chi_c^\dagger \sigma^{cb}$$

$$\{\hat{\chi}_a(t, \vec{x}), i \chi_c^\dagger \sigma^{cb}\} = i \delta^{(3)}(\vec{x} - \vec{x}') \delta_a^b$$

Proceed to evaluate LHS

$$\begin{aligned} \text{LHS} = & \int \frac{d^3 p}{(2\pi)^3} \int \frac{d^3 p'}{(2\pi)^3} \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\omega_p \omega_{p'}}} \overset{\text{def. of } \hat{\pi}^b}{i \sum_{s=1,2} \sum_{s'=1,2}} \\ & \left(\{ \hat{a}_{\vec{p},s}, \hat{a}_{\vec{p}',s'}^\dagger \} U_a^{[s]}(\vec{p}) U_c^{\dagger[s']}(\vec{p}') \sigma^{cb0} e^{-i(\omega_p - \omega_{p'})t + i\vec{p} \cdot \vec{x} - i\vec{p}' \cdot \vec{x}'} \right. \\ & \left. + \{ \hat{a}_{\vec{p},s}^\dagger, \hat{a}_{\vec{p}',s'} \} V_a^{[s]}(\vec{p}) V_c^{\dagger[s']}(\vec{p}') \sigma^{cb0} e^{+i(\omega_p - \omega_{p'})t - i\vec{p} \cdot \vec{x} + i\vec{p}' \cdot \vec{x}'} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Evaluate anticommutators } \{ \hat{a}_{\vec{p},s}, \hat{a}_{\vec{p}',s'}^\dagger \} = (2\pi)^3 \delta^{(3)}(\vec{p} - \vec{p}') \delta_{ss'}$$

$$\{ \hat{a}_{\vec{p},s}^\dagger, \hat{a}_{\vec{p}',s'} \} = + (2\pi)^3 \delta^{(3)}(\vec{p} - \vec{p}') \delta_{ss'}$$

- sum over s' , fixing $s' \rightarrow s$

- integrate over \vec{p}' , fixing $\vec{p}' \rightarrow \vec{p}$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{LHS} = & i \int \frac{d^3 p}{(2\pi)^3} \frac{1}{2\omega_p} \sum_{s=1,2} \left(U_a^{[s]}(\vec{p}) U_c^{\dagger[s]}(\vec{p}) \sigma^{cb0} e^{i\vec{p} \cdot (\vec{x} - \vec{x}')} \right. \\ & \left. + V_a^{[s]}(\vec{p}) V_c^{\dagger[s]}(\vec{p}) \sigma^{cb0} e^{-i\vec{p} \cdot (\vec{x} - \vec{x}')} \right) \end{aligned}$$

Perform sum over s , using completeness relations:

$$\sum_s U_a^{[s]}(\vec{p}) U_c^{\dagger[s]}(\vec{p}) = p_\mu \sigma_{ac}^\mu = \omega_p \sigma_{ac}^0 - \vec{p} \cdot \vec{\sigma}_{ac}$$

$$\sum_s V_a^{[s]}(\vec{p}) V_c^{\dagger[s]}(\vec{p}) = p_\mu \sigma_{ac}^\mu = \omega_p \sigma_{ac}^0 - \vec{p} \cdot \vec{\sigma}_{ac}$$

$$\text{LHS} = i \int \frac{d^3 p}{(2\pi)^3} \frac{1}{2\omega_p} \left((\omega_p \sigma_{ac}^0 - \vec{p} \cdot \vec{\sigma}_{ac}) \sigma^{cb0} e^{i\vec{p} \cdot (\vec{x} - \vec{x}')} + (\omega_p \sigma_{ac}^0 - \vec{p} \cdot \vec{\sigma}_{ac}) \sigma^{cb0} e^{-i\vec{p} \cdot (\vec{x} - \vec{x}')} \right)$$

In second term, change integration variables $\vec{p} \rightarrow -\vec{p}$:

$$\text{LHS} = i \int \frac{d^3 p}{(2\pi)^3} \frac{1}{2\omega_p} \left(\omega_p \sigma_{ai}^0 - \vec{p} \cdot \vec{\sigma}_{ai} \right) \bar{\sigma}^{cb0} e^{i\vec{p} \cdot (\vec{x} - \vec{x}')} + \left(\omega_p \sigma_{ai}^0 + \vec{p} \cdot \vec{\sigma}_{ai} \right) \bar{\sigma}^{cb0} e^{+i\vec{p} \cdot (\vec{x} - \vec{x}')} \quad \uparrow \text{add.}$$

$$= i \int \frac{d^3 p}{(2\pi)^3} \frac{1}{2\omega_p} 2 \times \omega_p \underbrace{\sigma_{ai}^0 \bar{\sigma}^{cb0}}_{\delta_a^b} e^{i\vec{p} \cdot (\vec{x} - \vec{x}')} \quad \uparrow \text{add.}$$

$$= i \int \frac{d^3 p}{(2\pi)^3} e^{i\vec{p} \cdot (\vec{x} - \vec{x}')} \delta_a^b$$

$$= i \delta^{(3)}(\vec{x} - \vec{x}') \delta_a^b = \text{RHS} \quad \checkmark$$